IT VIOLATES A RULE OF THE BOARD OF FIRE UNDERWRITERS BY PERMISSION.

It has been known for some time among insurance electricians of this city that the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of New York had permitted its neutral wires to be grounded, in direct vio-lation of Rule 40 of the New-York board of Fire Much indignation has been felt among other electric lighting companies in this city ever since the violation of the rule became known to them that such a condition of affairs should be allowed to go on for several years unchecked by the Board of e Underwriters, who could have put a step to it, had

it been so disposed. When the rules of the Board now in force being framed expert electricians gave testimony that the ground-wire was exceedingly dangerous to life and property, and it is still so considered by many elec-tricians and electric companies. The Edison Company says such wires are not dangerous, but its evidence is somewhat weakened when the enermous pense which would be incurred in taking up its ground wires and connecting them with a metallic circuit considered. It is so much cheaper to use the earth es a return conductor that it enables the Edison Electric Illominating Company, say its rivals, to run Its lamps and plant at a much less expense then the neur who obey the laws regulating the laying of their

Although the violation of insurance rules by the Edison Company has been known for several years, no one was found who was willing to bring the matter to public notice until a short time ago, in a suit brought Philade phia and Chlengo, and it is said that the holders by the Edison General Electric Company against the of the stock in those cities have not yet been of-New-Haven Thomson-Houston Company for infringement ficially notified of the sale of the mine. The suit was in the United States Circuit Court in this city, and as the gathering of the evidence to be presented among the quotations of the Consolidated stock and to the court would consume considerable time, it was Petroleum Exchange yesterday. The mining properly decided to hear the expert testimony outside and hand was sold about six weeks ago, and at the it in as evidence in writing. This hearing has been company was organized in London and new stock going on in Room No. 124 at the Aster House for nearly a month, and it was here, a few days ago, that Henry market and has been traded in since that time. The Morton, president of Stevens Institute, testified about officers of the Exchange did not know that the old the adoption of the ground-wire system by the Edison company had been sold, and that new stock had been Electric Ifluminating Company of New-York,

Tribune reporter afterward, and he said in reference to time they knew that the stock of the San Schastian the ground wires of the Edison Company; "The Board Mining Company was not worth a cent was when has been informed that the Edison Electric Illuminating they read of the sale of the mining property to the Company has some of its wires grounded, and we are English syndicate in The sunday Tribune. going to make a thorough investigation. A meeting they ordered the quotations of san Sebastian to be has been called at which this subject will be discussed. rubbed off the blackboards, and refused to permit any covered by the rates of the Board of Fire Underwriters.

Colonel William De L. Bouchton, chairman of the

Fire Committee of the Board of Fire Underwriters, was seen at his office, and in reply to the question as to whether the Edison Electric Illuminating Company people about the grounded wires, and will do what it No. 67 Liberty-st.; Maximillian Toch, No. 106 Eas-

the Edison General Electric Company, and the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of New-York, was also called upon and admitted that the Edison company of this city was using grounded wires. "We hope," a grounded wire than from any other system now in that President Morton, of Stevens Institute, is, und discussed was "Japan"; in Grammar School No. against us for a number of years. In nearly every various schools were "Alexander Hamilton," auit involving the validity of Mr. Edison's patents he has appeared and testified against us. He is retained by the Board of Fire Underwriters and by the Thomson-Houston company as their expert advisor on electrical matters, and of course it is to his interests and the interests of the Thomson-Houston Electric Company to keep the Board of Fire Underwriters advised against the use of the grounded wires or any-thing wrong in our system. In this particular case

this could only be done by condemning the ground-wire system as dangerous to life and property. President Morton helped t draft the rules of the duced the clause in rule 40 forbidding the use of the retreat, it is understood, were displeased because grounded wires and branding them as dangerous. The

the clause in rule 40 formands the set of grounded wires and branding them as dangerous. The Boston foard of Fire Underwriters approves the ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not regard it as harmful ground-wire system, and does not predict that the switch is minister predicted and the Board of Fire Londerwriters and the Thomson and expressed surprise when he learned what Major and expressed surprise when he learned with Major Eadon is ignorant as to my connection with the service of the Board of Fire Underwriters and the Thomson, the stripe of I am free to be called upon for produced by the stripe of I am free to be called upon for produced by the stripe of I am free to be called upon for produced by the stripe of I am free to be called upon for produced in the produce of I am free to be called upon for produced in the produce of I am free to be called upon for produced in the produce of I am free to be called upon for produced in the produce of I am free to be called upon for produced in the produce of I am free to be called upon for produced in the produce of I am free to be called upon for produced the produced the produced that the subject of I am free to be called upon for produced the produced the produced the produced that the produced the produc

Hardwood Decorative Company, and levied on the lumber and trimmings in the building which Mr. Price is erecting at Tenth-ave, and Seventy-lifth-st.

Deputy Sheriff Tracy yesterday received an exe-cution for \$17,342 against John T. White, of No. 11

Patterson Brothers and the other for \$235 in favor a new remedy for the grip, and accidentally took an of E. Higgins & Co. It was alleged that Mr. Weisen- overdose of the stuff. He became violently ill in con-

A. Benedict, on a demand note made through its treasurer, George H. Stayner, for \$3,500, dated October 31, 1885, to the order of Henry S. Ives & Co.

### THE YOUTH A SKILLED COUNTERFEITER.

the image of a five-cent piece, was placed on trial in Benefict. Last month Lloyd Rogers was arrested while city government. The Controller's measure will make stealing doorknots from houses. Several counterfeit the taxes payable on May 1 instead of the first Monday said a number of pad come. In court yesterday he said he was nineteen years old, and had studied art at Mayor as soon as he is able to rearn to official we the Cooper Union and the Academy of Design. His and if approved by him, will be forwarded at a parents were wealthy, and he had never attended the unblic schools, always having a butor. He became acquainted with Rogers in Central Park and made the dies for him. The Secret Service agents say that the

Pechine said that he tried to get a place at the

This would seem a contradiction-is so, in fact, to the | Geo. C. Flint Co., of West Fourteenth St takes on its most obstinate and formidable types, the Bitters is a recognized specific in illimitable demand, and pre-scribed by physicians of repute. Potent, too, is it in disr physicians of repute. Potent, too, is it in dis-the stornach, liver and bowels, and against that Is grippe. It improves appetite and sleep,

ARE GROUNDED WIRES SAFE? American Bank Note Company's. They didn't need any artist, but the president asked him to submit specimen of his work. The youth went home and CHARGES AGAINST AN EDISON COMPANY, drew a \$1 bill, varying the design a little. handed his drawing to the president that official was astonished at the skill displayed, and told Fechine to destroy his work and not to do anything of the kind again. again. Feehine pleaded guilty and was remanded for sen-

NO DEALINGS IN SAN SEBASTIAN STOCK.

DATED EXCHANGE. There was a meeting of the trustees and bondholders of the old San Sebastian Mining Company at No. 337 Broadway yesterday, but what was done could doors, and it lasted for several hours. When the Many physicians realized this fact, and assisted their meeting adjourned, Mr. Blavelt, the secretary of the company, said that the business transacted at the meeting was of no concern to the general public.

"There is no dissatisfaction among the stock-holders," said the secretary. "At the last meeting stockholders, when the mine was sold, meeting had been advertised in an evening paper, and if any stockholder remained away it was his own fault. Everything was legally done."

Was any provision made at the meeting to-day for the holders of the \$1,600,000 of stock?" Mr. Blavelt was asked. "That I am not at liberty to say," he replied.

"Will the stockholders get something? "Oh, yes; they will get something, but I cannot say whether it will be more than ten cents a share or

A large amount of the stock was floated in Boston

For the first time in about six years the stock of the San Sebastian Mining Company was not posted was issued. This new stock was placed on the London issued, and therefore are not held responsible by people Electric Illuminating Company of New York.

William A. Anderson, superintendent of the New who purchased the paper of the old company after it.

William A. Anderson, superintendent of the New who purchased the paper of the old company after it.

York Bourd of Fire Underwriters, was seen by a had been made worthless by the transfer. The first York Bourd of Fire Underwriters, was seen by a

The eighth annual dinner of the Associated Classes of this city grounded its wires, said: "Yes, the of the Law Department of the University of the City on company does ground some of its wires, and of New-York will be held at the Hoffman House to we have known of it for some time. We have given morrow evening at half-past 6 o'clock. There will be them a certificate granting them permission to use a short business meeting before the dinner to consider the grounded wires. You ask me a direct question the desirability of organizing the alumni as a permaand I answer you in the same manner. There is nent association, with nominal dues of \$2 a year. All a controversy going on in which the Edison company graduates of the law department and the present at is concerned, and I do not care to be quoted as saving tendants at the Law School are eligible to membership. anything further about the subject. The Board of Dinner tickets, at \$6 each, may be had of the secretary Fire Underwriters is in negotiation with the Edison or treasurer, or of the following: William F. Clarke, n to remedy any violations of its rules."

Sixty-second-st.; Benjamin Franklin, No. 2.174 Third-ave., or Charles L. Hubbell, No. 12 Bridge st.

The second course of the free lectures to the people under the auspices of the Board of Education was behe said, "to convince the Board of Fire Underwriters gun last evening in eight different schools. As was that there is no more danger to life and property from the case at the lectures last year, the different rooms were filled with attentive hearers. At the Hebrew The whole trouble has grown out of the fact Institute, East Broadway and Jefferson-st., the subject for us, the confidential adviser of the "The Great Amazon"; and in Grammar School No. 15 Board of Fire Underwriters, and has been working "Germany," Among other subjects discussed in the

RELEASED FROM ST. VINCENT'S RETREAT. Miss Pauline Cleveland, the niece of Horace Greeley, Retrent, an asylum for the insene in the town of institution on Saturday, at the solicitation of friends who promised to give the afflicted young woman all the care and attention she needed. The physicians on Board of Fire Underwriters, and it was he who intro- whose recommendation Miss Cleveland was admitted to

clubs of the select and favored few the church doors TROUBLES OF BUSINESS MEN.

The Sheriff vesterday received an execution for street and new should be open to all. He pleaded for a more dark generous and practical Christianity and argued that many of the wealthy churches were simply wasting money and energy by their methods \$12.015 against Samuel T. B. Price, in favor of the Hardwood Decorative Company, and levied on the

### ONLY TWO DEATHS FROM THE GRIP.

cution for \$17,342 against John T. White, of No. 11
Pine-st., in favor of Walton Ferguson, for deficiency in foreclosure. The Sheriff had previously received an execution for \$15,470 against Mr. White in favor of Gustav Trumpler in connection with the same matter.

Judgment for \$7,044 was yesterday entered against. A Delegant Long, in favor of Gustav Trumpler in connection with the same matter. Only eighty six deaths were reported at the Bureau A. Delmont Jones, in favor of George E. Whipple, on notes made in 1886 and 1887. Two attachments have been obtained by creditors the epidemic is believed to be decreasing rapidly.

John Lane, a young drug-clerk employed at No store, at Holbrook, N. Y., one for \$740 in favor of 460 Fourth-ave., yesterday experimented with sulfona

of E. Higgins & Co. It was alleged that Mr. Weisen-berger had sold his stock worth at least \$6,000 to his wife, without consideration, by a bill of sale.

Judgment for \$4.503 was yesterday entered against the Bogota City Railway Company in favor of Roswell

about thirty less than there were last week.

TO CHANGE THE TIME FOR PAYING TAXES

Controller Myers has prepared a bill on the lines of Mayor Grant's suggestions in his recent message, Charles A. Feeblue, charged with making a die in changing the time for paying the city taxes and thus the unities of a nve-cent piece, was placed on trial in bonds for borrowed money with which to maintain the United States Circuit Court yesterday, before Judge five-cent pieces were in his pocket, and he admitted having made them. He said that his confederate was at work in the sub-cellar at No. 133 Clinton Piace. The police found Pechine there, with several moulds to one month. The penalty for non-payment will be and a number of bad coins. In court yesterday he made to take effect two months after the opening of

## FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE

eye. But experience has proved its possibility. Take offering bargains to buyers of furniture. Their show. the case of the individual who dwells in a malarious region. rooms contain all the different styles, with prices marked A robust constitution is no certain defence against the in plain figures, and are especially rich in a great variety dreaded chills. What is? Becorded testimony, covering of parlor suits, two entire floors being devoted to these period little short of half a century, proves that Hostet. goods. Bedroom furniture of every desirable nevelty and er's Stomach Bitters is precisely this. This continent in suits of mahogany, white maple, oak, &c., occupy two does not limit the field where the medicine has proved its, floors more. Their dining-room furniture is remarkably efficacy. In South America, the Isthmus of Panama, attractive, in stylish sideboards, dining chairs upholatered Mexico, everywhere in fact where miasma-born disease in leather, pillar extension tables, and side tables. They have also a fine selection of wardrobes, lounges, mantal and secretary beds at moderate prices. Architects, builders, and others can obtain special designs and estimate for cabinetwork, inlaid floors, and wood mantels direct from

### AFTER THE GRIPPE.

The Grippe Responsible for More Deaths after Recovery than During its Course.-How to Avoid the

Grippe, in itself, is bad enough, debilitating enough, but it is the after effects, the slowness of recevery that in the matter of consolidating New-York, Brooklyn give it its great danger. In most cases, the person did not have sufficient vitality to rally after the disease itself tend with the debility which the Grippe had left.

The meeting was held behind closed fortined after the Grippe had been driven from the system, It is superior in every respect and however much any unacroputous druggist or grocer may seek to lead you believe to the contrary do not be deceived.

DISCUSSING SOME SOCIAL PROBLEMS.

EXPERTS PRESENT VARIOUS VIEWS OF CHARL-TABLE WORK IN CITIES.

Social Problems" was the topic of interesting ses yesterday afternoon before the Union Seminary Alumni Club at its dinner at the Columbia restaurant. Charles D. Kellogg, the general secretary of the Charity Organization society, presented "Organized Charity"; William F, Barnard, superintendent of the Five Points House of Industry, "Our Foreign Juventle Population," and Jacob A. Klis, the author "How the Other Half Lives," "Tenement House Reform." The Rev. James W. Hegeman, of Brooklyn, the new president of the club, made a happy address full of sympathy with the progressive work of the His reference to the new Hebrew Die seminary. which Dr. Briggs and Dr. lishing, was warmly applauded and his congratulation Professor Briggs that soon the olive branch of peace shall take the place of birch bark to which he has been subjected excited some merriment. Hastings, Professors Schaff and Worcester, Directors Brown, Frazer and McIlvaine were among the guests at the president's table. The officers of the classmate, Dr. Frazer, vice-presidents; Dr. Roderick Terry, the Rev. John B. Shaw and Dr. James F. Riggs, executive committee; the Rev. John S. Gardner, see retary, and the Rev. Charles R. Clearwater, treasurer.

Mr. Kellogg's conclusions were that the churches should discourage all alms-giving not in harmony with No church should charity organization principles. set up a separate method of dealing with outside pauperism, but all religious bodies should co-operate in maintaining the administration of general charity on some carefully considered plan which may apply to the whole city. Religious teachers should qualify themselves to give instruction in the principles of intelligent charity, the causes and prevention of parperism and the importance of more close and friendly clations between the prosperous and the depressed From the body of the laity, thus instructed, the Church would continue to send both trained and falthful men and women to share in the work of organized charity The success of a sensible and efficient system of charity depends on the intelligent co-operation of the of firearms and as absurd as the use of a surgeon's instruments by an idiot. The moral was that all the mbers of the Charley Organization Society.

done at the Five Points House of Industry. It was practical and was heard with great interest. Not only is this institution an asylum for the shelter of children but it is also a charity day school in what was once neighborhood of the school, which has a potent in fluence in drilling them into American ways of living. The details of the home life of the children in the house were especially interesting. More than 20,000 persons have passed a part of their child life under its roof, and the lives of the Christian men and women thus rescued save the workers of to-day from despair amid all the discouraging influences by which they was outlined,

are surrounded.

Mr. Rils, fresh from his desk as a police reporter in Mulberry st., did not mince matters. He arraigned the Church for its neglect of the poor, many of whom live in fillipy tenement houses owned by rich church cornorations or by wealthy church members. He de-

The fire which occurred on September 15 at Fulton and Nassau sts, has given rise to a fr-sh army of ages for the destruction of their effects, alleging that supply of water, which prevented the firmen from e burned building charge that half an hour was lost in dealing with the fire, owing to the negligence of the city authorities in permitting a scarcity of water. The tending from \$10,000 to \$200. The individual amount claimed by the tenants are as follows: Engelfried Brown & Weidmann, \$10,000; Charles F. Usener \$10,000; J. C. & W. M. Goldthwalte, \$8,500; A. J. Tisdell & Son. \$5,000; John C. Sampson, \$5,000; Albert Bautle, \$5,000; John J. Requa, \$5,000; Affred Colvect James Gibbs, Alexander Davidoff and Charles Degerow \$3,000 each; J. Lochmeyer, William Morahan and Joshua Barnes, \$2,000 each; F. H. Hewlitt, \$1,200 William Kuchler, \$2,000; N. M. Shepard and Danie Veit, \$1,000 each; Charles H. Scherble, \$600; Henry Belderman, Joseph Fischer, Daniel Ward, William F Gregory, Mrs. Mary Sullivan and A. G. Church, \$500 each; William Hugan, James J. Dooley, Henry Andshelmer, Robert Reimberr and William Wilson, \$200

THE CITY TO COLLECT ITS GWY WAR CLAIM Controller Myers sent a letter to Corporation Comp of the Controller's agreement with ex-Congression claim of \$2,292,139.73 for a contingent fee of 7.1-2 per cent of the money recovered from the Federal Sovernment, the whole fee not to exceed \$60,000 Mr. Adams having agreed that his contract with the Controller should be regarded as null and void, the collection of the claim will now be pashed by the Cor poration Counsel. It originated in 1861. The mor was expended by the Committee of Public Safety in fitting out troops at the beginning of the war. The most of the claim is the interest which has accurately upon the original expenditures.

### MAYOR GRANT NOT WELL YET.

Mayor Grant's attack of grip has been supplemented by an aggravated case of sore threat, so that instead of being able to appear at his office yesterday, as he expected, he was compelled to keep his bed. The Mayor' condition is not regarded as serious, but his physician positively enjoyed rest and quiet, and confinement to his room as long as the had weather lasts. -

SENATOR ALDEICH'S COMMITTEE AT WORK The sub-committee of the Senate Finance Committee onsisting of Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, chairman; William B. Allison, of Iowa; Frank Hiscock, of New-York; John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, and Isbam G. Harris, of Tennessee, began yesterday the investiga-tion of the workings of the Administrative Tariff law at the port of New-York. A brief session of the com-mittee was held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Shortly States Appraiser, and there spent about three hours making inquiries into the methods employed in carrying out the law. Naturally the testimony elicited is gathered from experts long familiar with the ma chinery associated with the collections of duties on The work of the committee yestorday was conducted in an informal way. To day they will visit the Custom House, and perhaps spend some time at

the Sub-Treasury.

An impression exists that the committee is seeking data respecting the effects of the McKinley Tariff law This is not the case. They are simply inquiring, on non-partisan lines, into the best available means of administering the laws controlling the collection of duties. A report will in due time be presented to the Senate, and it is expected that it will contain many suggestions of value to the Customs Service in general.

CATAR

Restores Taste and Smell Relieves Cold in Head a sche. 50c, at Drugsists.

### CONSOLIDATORS AT WORK.

A BILL PREPARED FOR THE SENATE.

PLANNING TO UNITE THIS CITY AND SOME OF HER SUBURBS.

The Commission of Municipal Consolidation Inquiry and adjacent towns into one great municipality, held a meeting vesterday morning in the office of Andrew II. Green, No. 214 Broadway. In addition to Mr. Green, who presided over the meeting, there were present J. S. T. Stranahan, of Brooklyn; Albert E. Her etary of the commission; George J. Greenfield, lars. have been saved if nature had been properly assisted and Frederic W. Devoe, John L. Hamilton, Diward F inton, Sinte Engineer Martin Schenck, and John H.

Brinkerhoff. The memorial to Congress prepared by Mr. Green, at patients over the dangerous after effects by bracing up and the request of the Commission, in opposition to the Senate bill to regulate the construction of bridges over the East and Hudson rivers, the provisions of which were too rigid for the Commission, was read and

> tractor, and Edward C. Graves, of Brooklyn, spoke at considerable length in favor of the proposed consolidation. Mr. Graves's argument was that Brooklyn It imparts | taxes would be lowered from 331-2 to 50 per cent moderate economy, and at the same time the taxes of New-York would be subject to no perceptible inco Figures were adduced to show that New-York is taxed at only about 40 per cent of its actual value, and oldyn at 70 per cent. Assemblyman George P. Webster, chairann of the Committee on Cities, was and promised to take to Alliany at once the

bill which was approved by the commission. The proposed municipality will comprehend the folterritory: The city of New-York, the county of Kings, the county of Richmond, the town of West chester and that portion of the towns of Eastchester and Pelham which lies southerly of a straight line drawn from the point where the northerly line of the city of New-York intersects the centre line of the lironx River, to the middle of the channel between Hunterly and Glen Islands in Long Island Sound, Long Island City, the town of Newtown, the town of Flushing, the town of Jamaica, and that part of the of Hemps end which is westerly of a straight line drawn from the southensierly point of the town of Flushing through the middle of the channel between Rockaway Beach and Shelter Island to the waters of

Further provisions of the bill authorize the Board of Estimate to appropriate \$25,000 to defray the penses of printing, surveying, postage and travel for the commissioners in the exercise of their duties. The matter is to be submitted to the vote of the people of each municipality mentioned.

in commenting upon the purposes of the bill, Mr. besides Mr. Hegeman are Professor Briggs and bis Green said; "There is nothing final about this action, It simply asks the Legislature to authorize the Conmission to make a full and formal report of our work and findings in the matter. Then, if the report is satisfactory to the Legislature, an election is to be held apon a new bill, which will provide for the consolidaof the territory described. All these adja-have their-representatives at Albans, and if ent of the people's representatives

WATCHMAKERS IN SESSION.

A POSSIBILITY THAT THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF JORBERS MAY BE DISCONTINUED.

Various meetings are to be held during the present reck, which is known as "jewellers' week," by repreat the Astor House by the American Watch Case Manu facturing Association. This meeting elected H. L. of the Keystone Watch Case Company, president of the association for the coming year. romwell, of the Crescent Watch Case Company, was jected vice president at the same time. a give the names of the companies that were repr Nearly all of the Malden Lane representa-

Watches held a preliminary cancus at the Astor House mm dialely after the manufacturers' meeting. The neeting will be held in the banqueting room of th Equitable limiding, when officers for the year will be elected if it is decided to continue the association general standard of excellence raised; and that the smaller dealers have absolutely the same advantages 1887, when it was found that \$2,410.28 was due him.

The filled and silver watch case men are members of he Manufacturers' Association, while the selfd gold case people regulate their own prices, and there is said to be trouble in this organization too, for this reason. e Eigin Watch Company and all the other fillings inputies are by the laws of the State restrained on belonging to anything partialing of the nature of trust. These companies may therefore observe the

### PUNERAL OF DR. CHARLES MARLIN. The funeral of Dr. Charles Martin, medical director

n Thursday night, was held yesterday afternoon at his

graduated from Union College at that place, after his brother, but the commissioners and Mrs. Blewitt which he entered the Jefferson Medical College at Phils- have been unable to find him. Judge Barrett, of the delphia from which he was graduated after a threecars' course. He practised his profession some time a Blockey's Hospital in that city, and on September a, 1848, he was appointed an assistant surgeon in the Nevy. He was made a su geon in 1861, a medical aspector in 1871, and a medical director in 1873. He and was engaged on the coast survey from 1850 to William fundhurst Osgood Field. He wishes to adopt 1851. In February, 1851, while on the Jefferson, he the name of his ancester, Samuel Osgood, who was was wrecked on the coast of Patagonia, whe e he was ompelled to remain three months. He served on the mirross, the receiving ship Boston, the Arago, the esets and the Susquehanna. He was on the Cum-

AN APPEAL FOR A DESERVING WOMAN.

The sisters of the Stranger appeal to the public for cans to place in a permanent home the nince of a aged and infirm to earn her own living and depends pon the help of others for a bare subsistence. hrinks from publicity, but details of the sad case vill be given by the sisters to any who may wish to se informed. It is hoped that this appeal will bring prompt and generous response. The fee required is \$250, of which \$51.50 has already been secured. Contributions may be with and checks made payable to the Rev. Dr. Beems, pastor of the Church of the Strangers, No. 4 Winthrop Place. Acknowledgment will be duly made.

### THE HARRIS JURY YOMPLETE NOW.

Eleven jurors were in the box in Part III of General resterday morning to try Cartyle W. Har ts. accused of wife murder, but it took all day to get the welfth man and to replace the third one. Joseph Bell, manufacturer of packing boxes, of No. 28 West the iwelfth seat. Then the third juror, James P. Higginson, was excused by both sides, for a reason which bey would not make public. Albert Field, agent of the Atlas Tack Company, of No. 71 East One-hundredand twenty sixth st. was selected to fill his place. Assistant District Attorney Wellman will open the case for the prosecution this morning.

Applied into Nostrils is Quickly Absorbed, Cleases the Head, Heals the Sores and Cures



# WELL-ATTESTED MERIT.

Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher writes:

"40 Orange Street, "Brooklyn, N. Y., February 11, 1890.
"I have used ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS for some years for myself and family, and, as far as able, for the many sufferers who come to us for assistance, nd them a genuine relief for most of th ALLCOUR'S POROUS PLASTERS for all kinds of lame ness and scute pain, and by frequent experiments find that they can control many cases not noticed in your circu-

in favor of any plaster, and if my name has been used to recommend any other it is without my authority or

George Augustus Sala writes to "The London Daily Telegraph":

"I especially have a pleasant remembrance of the ship's doctor-a very experienced maritime medico indeed-who tended me most kindly during a horrible spell of bronchitis and sposmodic asthma, provoked by the sea-fog which had swooped down on us just after we left San Francisco. But the doctor's prescriptions and the increasing warmth of the temperature as we neared the tropics, and, in particular, a couple of ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLANTERS clapped on-one on the chest and another between the shoulder-blades-soon set me right."

Russell Sage, the well-known financier, writes

"506 Fifth Avenue. "New-York City, December 20,

"For the last twenty years I have been using ALL-COCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. They have repeatedly of rheumatic pains, and pains in my back, and, whenever I have a cold, one on my chest and my back speedily relieve "My family are never without them."

Marion Harland, on page 103 of her popular Marion Harland, on page 103 of her popular between the shoulder-blades, and in less than a fortaight work, "Common Sense, for Maid, Wife, and was entirely cured."

"For the aching back ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER is an excellent comforter, combining the sensation of sus-tained pressure of a strong, warm hand with certain tonic qualities developed in the wearing. It should be kept

TER shows it to contain valuable and essential ingredients
over the seat of the uneasiness for several days—in obstinate

to found in any other plaster, and I find it superior to qualities developed in the wearing. It should be kept

Beware of imitations, and do not be deceived by misrepresentation. Ask for ALLCOCK'S, and let no solicitation or explanation induce you to acc ent a substitute.

THE COURTS.

COLONEL ROBERT G. INGERSOLL TESTIFIES.
GIVING EVIDENCE IN THE STOKES-MACKAY
SULT FOR \$75,000.

Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll was called to the chair
in Part III of the supreme Court yesterday, as the first
in Part III of the supreme Court yesterday, as the first
witness for the defence in the case of Edward S. Stokes
to recover \$75,000 from John W. Mackay and Hector
to recover \$75,000 from John W. Mackay and Hector
to recover \$75,000 from John W. Mackay and Hector
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to recover \$75,000 from John W. Mackay and Hector
Common Pleas-General Term-Adjourned until Feb. de Castro for an allexed breach of contract in transaffirmed before giving his evidence. He said that he had been interested as counsel in the telegraph complications from April, 1885. For a long time he ested in the plan to consolidate the various companies now composing the United Lines Telegraph Company. what the checks were for. The Colonel added that he had been present at a

the agreement which was now the subject of contro agreement was to be submitted to Mr. Mackay for approval. In case Mr. Mackay approved the agreemen was to receive the United Lines securities, amountsecurities were to be retained by Mr. Stokes and the had sent the document to Mr. Mackay with a He 'sad received a reply from Mr. Mackay early in January, 1889, refusing to sign but it was ruled out, on the ground that there was no session the cross-examination of utilined by Joseph Larocque, Mr.

SUIT BROUGHT AGAINST J. R. KEENE. Suit has been brought against James R. Keene by

THE VANDERBILT YACHT CASE.

Testimony in the libet of F. W. Vanderbilt against his yacht Conquer will be taken in the United States District Court to morrow and Judge Brown will hear because she was built abroad. The United States supreme Court decided last week that the District Court had jurisdiction in the case.

ADOPTING ANOTHER NAME.

Chief Justice Daly, of the Court of Common Pleas, has granted leave to William Bradhurst Field, of No. erved in the sloop of war Albany from 1846 to 1850 8 West Thirty-seventh st., to assume the name of the name of his ancestor, Samuel Osgood, who was Postmaster General of the United States in 1789.

THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

rendered the opinion of the Supreme Court in the case as one of the last to leave her. From 1862 to 1863 on the was on the Sacramento, from 1863 to 1864 on the controle, and participated in both attacks to Forther. In 1866 he was on the Franklin and Ticongoga. He served about the severn in 1866 70 as et surgeous of the North Alkanito squaxion, and was atlouded at the Washington and Norfolk Naval hearing from 1873 to 1883.

The leaves one son, Dr. Elward W. Martin, of the card of dealth of this city. view of the National Bank Act the court answers the question in the affirmative.

> of Claims in favor of the Alabama Great Southern Railroad Company for \$4,620, withheld from the railroad company by order of the Postmaster-General under the act of 1876, declaring that railroads constructed in whole or in part by a land grant shall for mail transportation receive only 80 per cent of the compen ation authorized.

An opinion of importance in its construction of the immigration laws was rendered in the supreme Court to day in the case of Nishimura Ekin, appellant, agt. the United States. Nishimura Ekin'is a Japanese woman to whom entry into the Unifed States was refused by the immigration officers and Collector at San Francisco, on the ground that she was likely to become a public charge. It was also alleged that she was coming to the United States for immoral purposes. The ruling of the immigration officers was ntested, and it was sought to have the Federal courts on an application for a writ of habeas corpus, review the facts in the case. The Government contended that hundred and thirty thirds I., was agreed on to fill the ruling of the Treasury Department with reference to entry of immigrants was final, and not reviewable by the courts. This contention of the Government the would not make public. After Field agent of

The Rev. Mark Guy Pearse writes: !

"Bedford Place, Russell Square, "London, December 10, 1888 "I think it only right that I should tell you of how much use I find ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS in my family and amongst those to whom I have recommended them. I find them a very breastplate against coids and

W. J. Arkell, publisher of "Judge" and "Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper," writes:

"Cor. 5th-ave and 16th-st. "New-York, January 14, 1891, "About three weeks since, while suffering from a severe cold, which had settled on my chest, I applied an ALL.

COCK'S POROUS PLASTER, and in a short time tained relief. "In my opinion, these plasters should be in every house hold, for use in case of coughs, colds, sprains, bruises or pains of any kind. I know that in my case the results

have been entirely satisfactory and beneficial." Henry Thorne, Travelling Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., writes:

"London, February 2, 1988,
"I desire to bear my testimony to the value of ALL-COCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. I have used them for pains in the back and side, arising from rheumatic and other causes, never without deriving benefit from their ap-They are easily applied and very comforting Those engaged, as I am, in public work which involves exposure to sudden changes of temperature, will do well to keep a supply of ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER in

Hon. James W. Husted says:

"When suffering from a severe cough, which threatened pulmonary difficulties, which I was recommended to go to Florida to relieve, I determined to test ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. I applied them to my chest and

Henry A. Mott, Jr.; Ph. D., F. C., late Government chemist, certifies: "My investigation of ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLAS.

and more efficient than any other plaster

Pleas-Special Term-Before Daly, C. J .-

actions involving certain stocks. Colonel Ingersoil not known that any one save Mr. Stokes was inter-He identified two checks, amounting to \$2,750, re-ceived by him in February, 1887, from Mr. de Castro. Mr. de Castro had employed him, but he could not tell

meeting between Messrs. Stokes and De Castro in December, 1888, when they were endeavoring to effect versy. He could not remember the terms of the agreement, however, but he identified it when it was own to him. Messrs. De Castro and Stokes, the witne-s added, had signed the agreement in the presence of himself and E. C. Platt at the Hoffman House. The ing to \$925,000. In case he did not approve it, the the acreement. The reply was offered in evidence, of that Mr. Stokes had ever seen it. The Colonel

A the morning season the Joseph Larceque, Mr. Stokes was continued by Joseph Larceque, Mr. Stokes was that when the agreement between himself Mr. Mackay had been signed in 1888 by Mr. detto as Mr. Mackay's representative, it was underested to the Mr. Mackay of the agreement had and Mr. Mackay's representation of Mr. Mackay is the across that the papers were to be sent to Mr. Mackay if the acrossment lie had never asked Mr. Mackay if the acrossment lie had believed that it was.

L. Oppenheim & Co. for the recovery of \$2,410 28. for appointment to the evening schools of Mr. Keene has put in a general denial. Judge Dugro, of the superior Court, placed the suit on the short cause calendar.

the arguments of counsel on Friday. The Collector seized the yacht, holding that she was liable to duty

COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY DISCHARGED. Several weeks ago William H. Willis, Dr. Samuel R. one, No. 256 West Fifty seventh-st. The Rev. Henry Elliott and Henry Winthrep Gray were appointed comambeck, rector of the Church of Zien and St. Timothy. Introducers to examine James Blewitt as to his samity, Mr. Martin was born in Schenectady August 21. before a sheriff's jury. Soon after their appointment, however, Blewitt escaped from his nurse at the Astor 1822, where he received his early education. He was House. It is believed that he is in New-Jersey with

Washington, Jan. 18.-Chief Justice Fuller to-day

The court to day affirmed the decision of the Court

Supreme Court-General Term-Before Van Brunt, P. J., Isron and Lawrence, J. J.-Recess continued. Supreme Court-Chambers-Before Patterson, J.-Motion rom Part III.

out Court-Part III-Before Ingraham, J.-Nos.

1052, 444, 988, 876, 532, 1251, 858, 1258, 3248,

out Court-Pirt IV-Before Andrews, J.-Cases to

a from Part III.

rrogate's Court-Before Ransom, S.-Motion calendar,

a m. For probable: Wills of George H. Schook,

Dalton, Caroline A. Abbott, Margaret Coddington,

Common Piess-Trial Term-Parts II and III—Adjorness for the tarm.

City Court-Special Term-Refore McCarthy, J.—Motions, City Court-Trial Term-Part II—Before McGarth, J.—Motions, City Court-Trial Term-Part II—Before McGarth, II—Nos. 5124, 4576, 5347, 5349, 5491, 527, 5495, 5210, 5211, 5241, 5989, 5213, 5363, 5377, 5378, 5382, 5492, 53131, 5243, 5350, 5203, 5297, 5433, 5470, 5447, 5389, 5616, 6615, 5623, 5623, 5616, 4291, 5524, 4634, 5802, 5402, 5402, 5402, 5402, 5402, 5402, 5402, 5402, 5402, 5402, 5402, 5402, 5503, 5510, 5401, 5524, 4634, 5802, 5402, 5503, 5512, 4607, 5618, 5619, 5624, 5638, 5618, 5401, 5401, 5624, 5638, 5639, 5588, 5438, 5018, 5401, 5401, 5628, 5639, 5588, 5438, 5618, 5618, 5637, 5638, 5639, 5588, 5438, 5618, 5437, 4359, 1713, 4155, 2576, 5171, 4999, 5381, 5561, 2338, 3424, 5302, 5898, 5310, 5317, 5330, 4888, 6494, 5631, 5438, 5412, 5429, 5449, 5441, 5442, 5443, 5444, 5445, 5446, 3584, 6457, 5469, 6567, 6662, 666 6249, 6274, 6641, 6286, 6487, 6552, 6545, 65 6271, 6272, 6551, 6534, 6309, 5501, 3561, 6629.

# BOARD OF EDUCATION COMMITTEES.

SPECULATION AMONG COMMISSIONERS ABOUT PRESIDENT HUNT'S APPOINTMENTS.

The members of the Board of Education are greatly interested in the nominations to the various committees to be made at the meeting to-morrow. Hunt, who was re-elected last Wednesday, has been is supposed by some members that Commissioner Sanger, who was Dr. Hunt's chief opponent in the contest over the presidency, will receive the chairmanship of the Committee on Teachers. The chairmanship of this committee is considered exceedingly desirable, as the committee practically controls the assignment and appointment of teachers.

Another committee over which there is great con-

tention is that on the evening schools. It has always been said that there was greater opportunity to exercise the "right of patronage" in this committee than any other in the Board of Education. All applicants recommending them to the Board. O'Brien was formerly chairman of this committee, and as such was a hard worker. The friends of President Hunt say that Mr. O'Brien's opposition to the president dates from the time when his place on the committee

was given to another man. Much interest is felt in the disposition, so far a committee work goes, which President Hunt will make of Mr. O'Brien. He openly declared his oppodition to the president by declining to John in the thanks voted to him at the last meeting in 1891. He has also expressed himself adversely to Dr. Hunt in the newspapers. The president can assign him, if wishes, to committees of little importance or to desirable committees. The Commissioners do not believe, however, that he will be made chairman of

any important committee. It is also said that Commissioner Lummis, another aspirant for presidential honors, will be reappointed chalrman of the Committee on Finance. Mr. Lummis has done hard work on this committee, and it is be lieved that he will again become its chief. business experience has fitted him especially for the

have been unable to find him. Judge Barrett, of the supreme Court, discharged the commissioners yesterday and ordered Mrs. Blewitt to pay \$257 20 expenses.

Commissioner Maclay, an admirer of President Mill be reappointed chairman of the Court. Commissioner Maclay, an admirer of President Hunt, will be reappointed chairman of the Committee

to the Special Committee on Legislation, which is supposed to watch over the interests of the schools in Albany. There is little doubt that Commissioner Gerard will be appointed chairman of this committee. He is well fitted for this committee, as he has been a member of the Senate and can keep a watchful eye upon the Democratic legislators at the Capital.

### SUCCESS OF A POPULAR PIANO.

The Hardman plane is now well known and appre-In Great Britain it has outstripped many petitors in the race for popularity. Among the notable people in that country who have been supplied with a Hardman are the Queen, the Prince of Wales and the Duchess of Fife. On the continent of Europe its success is also assured, as is witnessed by the many musicians and musical people there who speak in its favor. In Central America recently one of the Hardman semi-grand planos was supplied to the Vice-President of the Republic of Salvador. Hardman. Peck & Co. are also the agents for the "Self-playing symphony," an instrument upon which may be played difficult as well as light compositions without effort or

THE RUFFLANS ON THE TRAIN SENTENCED. Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Jan. 18 - William Reardon, Albert Burn-seen and John Van Noine, the three drunken

men who frightened the passengers on a train on the

New-York Central Railroad lest night by engaging in a

DELEGATES TO A SEMINARY CONVENTION. The classes of '92 and '93 in Union Theological Semi-The classes of '92 and '93 in Union Theological Semi-nary yesterday elected delegates to the Middle States In-ter-seminary Convention, to be held at Gettysburg, Poun., next month, as follows: Frederick S. Miller, 92, and Thornton B. Penfield, '93. The class of '94 will elect its representative this afternoon. In the programme Union Seminary has been asked to prepare and defend a paper troot the best method of keeping un interest in foreign

### upon the best method of keeping up interest in f issions in the churches at home. DR. JOHN W. DOWLING'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of Dr. John W. Dowling took place at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church vesterday afternoon as 2 o'clock. Owing to the liness of the Rev. Dr. John Hall, paster of the church, the services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Robert S. MacArthur, of the Calvary Haptist Church. The palibearers were Dr. W. T. Helmuth, Dr. T. F. Allen, Dr. W. O. McDonald, Dr. J. M. Wetmors, Dr. W. H. White, Dr. St. Clair Smith and Dr. F. E. Dougherty. The trust es, faculty and students of the Homosopathic Medical College to the number of sixty-dve